

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS:

The Compostela Prize Series

CP1- Václav Havel as a Dramatist (2002)

Edited by Jirí Zdenka Pospisilová and Alena Mizerová

Number of pages: 170

This publication is the first one of the series related to the Compostela Prize Winners. Václav Havel was awarded the Compostela Prize in 1998 for his contribution as a dramatist. One year later, from the 30th of September to the 3rd of October 1999, an international conference was held at Masaryk University in Brno (Czech Republic) on his works, and the present book includes the main contributions to this conference.

CP2-Bach 2000: Music between Virgin Forest and Knowledge Society (2003)

Edited by Jirí Fukac, Alena Mizerová and Vladimir Strakoš

Number of pages: 308

This collection of essays stems from a conference that took place in Regensburg, Germany, in October 2000. Held on the occasion of the 250th anniversary of the death of Johann Sebastian Bach, it also honoured he famous German musician Helmuth Rilling, the previous year's recipient of the international prize offered annually by the Compostela Group of Universities. As the conference was conceived as an interdisciplinary examination of Bach's work and legacy, the contributions from the international group of scholars offer fresh insights covering a range of disciplines and drawing on many different scholarly approaches. Throughout, the concern of the contributors has been to reveal the continually renewed contemporaneity of Bach and his music.

European Issues Series

IE1- The Psychology of the European Monetary Union: A Cross- national Study of Public Opinions towards the Euro (2001)

Edited by: Anke Müller- Peters, Roland Pepermans, Guido Kiell and Minoo Farhangmher

Number of pages: 562

This book was chosen to be the first of the series under the generic title of European Issues due to the importance of the topic for many European countries which were involved in the process of creation of the European Monetary Union, and also for those countries affected directly by this Union

IE2- Co-operative Education in Europe: A Partnership between Government, Employer, Student and University (2003)

Edited by: Maurits van Rooijen

Number of pages: 88

One of the fastest growing areas in higher education in the countries of the European Union is that of work- based or work- integrated learning. Some years ago, the Compostela Group of Universities set up a working group to deal with this question; the present publication draws on their deliberations and conclusions. The nine contributors, all of them academic with long experience in the field of co- op education, trace the current trends in Europe on the basis of the situation in their own countries, and suggest what issues will be of increasing importance in the coming years.

IE3- European Social Protection Systems in Perspective (2004)

Written by: Lucie Paquy Number of pages: 146

One of the most hotly debated issues in Europe at the present time is that of how the continent's social protection systems should adapt to the pressures of the new millennium. No meaningful discussion of the future, however, can be carried on without a clear understanding

of the past and present. This publication aims at providing a better understanding of the social security systems currently in place in Europe by looking at how they have developed, the ways in which they resemble each other and the ways they differ, and the challenges they have been facing in the past decade. Lucie Paquy completed her doctoral desertion in history at the Université Lumiere Lyon 2 (France). Her initial research focussed on French public health policies in the 19th century. Presently, she is carrying out research on the history of business and management in higher education and also on the history of food product risks in the 19th and 20th centuries.

IE4- European Health and Social Welfare Policies (2004)

Edited by: Laurinda Abreu Number of pages: 533

Since the Middle Ages, societies across Europe have been devising ways to promote the social well-being of their people. Three areas that are of fundamental importance in this regard-poor relief, health care and social welfare- from the subject matter of the twenty- six essays in this publication, which were originally delivered as papers at a conference held at the University of Évora, Portugal, in 2002. The essays examine a broad range of issues, ranging in time from the Middle Ages to the present day and covering much of Europe, from Scandinavia to the Mediterranean and Central Europe to the Iberian Peninsula.

IE5- Monitoring Health Status of Vulnerable Groups in Europe: Past and Present (2007)

Edited by: Laurind Abreu and Janos Sandor

Number of pages: 332

One of the measures of the civility of any society is the way it treats those at its margins. These may be individuals belonging to racial or ethnic minorities, the disabled, the homeless, children from disadvantaged families, those marked by mental disabilities or suffering from diseases that are regarded with fear or distaste by the majority population. Of particular importance for these individuals and groups are their health status and the kind of health care to which they have access. The papers presented in this volume deal with this issue by offering closely focused examinations of a variety of different groups in a number of countries. Several of the articles are devoted to the health and situation of the Romani communities in various countries. Arguably the most consistently marginalized social groups in Europe, the Roma offer a kind of litmus test of the state of health care in any particular country and of the willingness of its citizens to extend its benefits to the whole populace. These and the articles on other disadvantaged groups in Europe and the USA offer a rich variety of approaches to the issue under examination, one that is both urgent and timeless. This series of papers are delivered from a conference held by the PhoenixTN on the issue of monitoring health status and the position of vulnerable groups in Europe which was organized by the University of Pécs in 2004.

IE6- The First Seven Years of the Euro: Impact on Firms and Consequences for World Business (2007)

Edited by: Jesús Arteaga Ortiz

Number of pages: 162

Despite general agreement on the positive effects of the introduction of the Euro, in fact very few analyses of its impact have appeared. Moreover, the complex situation of the euro vis-à-vis the newest member states have seldom been dealt with comprehensively, while the possible "euroization" of particular economies and international sectors has been largely ignored. It was the wish to deal with all of these themes that led to the preparation of this publication, which examines the process of the introduction of the Euro and looks at its subsequent impact at both the microeconomic and the macroeconomic level.

The Way to Santiago Series

WS1- Trade Routes and Pilgrimage Trails as a Factor of Integration Sanctuaries and Cult (2004)

Edited by: Jerzy Kmiecinski, Marek Oldezki and Karol E. Natkanski

Number of pages: 399

Since ancient times, the spread of religion has been intimately linked with a whole range of other factors, social, cultural and economic. The articles in this publication have resulted from a research project aimed at examining the complex interconnection of these phenomena. Taking examples from Europe, Latin America and Asia, and covering a time span that goes back to antiquity, they offer fascinating insights into processes that have been integrating the world for millennia.

WS2- Femmes et pèlerinages/ Women and Pilgrimages (2007)

Edited by: Juliette Dor and Marie Élisabeth Henneau

Number of pages: 235

The development of gender studies in recent years has led to scholars investigating whole areas in which women were traditionally "absent". One area that has been particularly fruitful in this respect is the past, and the complex roles played by women in earlier societies, particularly their religious life. In this publication, the majority of the contributions focus on the role of women pilgrims in the Middle Ages, with a smaller number dealing with the same phenomenon in the early modern period.